PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

TRANSLATION INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant R 44	's or agent's file reference	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Form PCT/IPEA/416						
Internation	nal application No.	International filing date (day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)						
PCT/	AT2004/000336	04.10.2004	13.11.2003						
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC									
но1 s3/098, но1 s3/081									
Applicant FEMTOLASERS PRODUKTIONS GMBH									
This report is the international preliminary examination report, established by this International Preliminary Examining Authority under Article 35 and transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.									
2.	This REPORT consists of a total c	f 8 sheets, inc	eluding this cover sheet.						
3.	This report is also accompanied by	ANNEXES, comprising:							
	a. (sent to the applicant of	and to the International Bureau) a total of	sheets, as follows:						
	sheets of the des	cription, claims and/or drawings which have b	been amended and are the basis for this report and/or						
	sheets containing rectifications authorized by this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions).								
	sheets which supersede earlier sheets, but which this Authority considers contain an amendment that goes beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the Supplemental								
	Box.								
	b (sent to the Internation	al Bureau only) a total of (indicate type and n	number of electronic carrier(s))						
	1.10		, containing a sequence listing and/or tables						
	Section 802 of the Admi	•	supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see						
4.	This report contains indications re	ating to the following items:							
[Box No. I Basis of	the report							
	Box No. II Priority								
	Box No. III Non-esta	blishment of opinion with regard to novelty, i	nventive step and industrial applicability						
	Box No. IV Lack of	unity of invention							
	Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement								
	Box No. VI Certain	locuments cited							
	Box No. VII Certain defects in the international application								
	Box No. VIII Certain	bservations on the international application							
Date of su	bmission of the demand	Date of completion	of this report						
Name and	mailing address of the IPEA/EP	Authorized officer							
Facsimile	No.	Telephone No.							

International application No.

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Box	No. I	Basis of the report							
1.		n regard to the language , this report is based on the internaticated under this item.	onal application in the language in which	h it was filed, unless otherwise					
		is report is based on translations from the original language into the following languageich is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of:							
		international search (Rule 12.3 and 23.1(b))							
		publication of the international application (Rule 12	.4)						
		international preliminary examination (Rule 55.2 an	d/or 55.3)						
2.	rece		regard to the elements of the international application, this report is based on (replacement sheets which have been furnished to the ing Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to port):						
		the international application as originally filed/furnished							
	\boxtimes	the description:							
		pages <u>1-13</u>		as originally filed/furnished					
		pages*	received by this Authority on						
		pages*	received by this Authority on						
	\boxtimes	the claims:							
		nos. 1–11		as originally filed/furnished					
		nos.*							
		nos.*							
		nos.*							
	\boxtimes	the drawings:							
				as originally filed/furnished					
			received by this Authority on						
		sheets*							
		a sequence listing and/or any related table(s) – see Supple							
	\Box		mental box Relating to sequence Listing	·					
3.	ш	The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:							
		the description, pages							
			the claims, nos.						
		the drawings, sheets/figs							
	the sequence listing (specify):								
any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):									
4.	Ш	they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as	is report has been established as if (some of) the amendments annexed to this report and listed below had not been made, since by have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).						
			the description, pages						
			the claims, nos.						
		the drawings, sheets/figs	the drawings, sheets/figs						
		the sequence listing (specify):	the sequence listing (specify):						
		any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):							
*	If ite	m 4 applies, some or all of those sheets may be marked "su	perseded."						

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Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement					
1.	Statement			-	
	Novelty (N)		Claims _	1-11	YES
			Claims _		NO
	Inventive step (IS)		Claims	2, 3	YES
			Claims _	1, 4-11	NO
	Industrial applicability (IA)		CI.		V EC
	1110415111	a upproceeding (11.1)	Claims Claims	1-11	— YES NO
			_		
2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)					
	1. The present report refers to the following			ort refers to the following	
		documents:			
	D1:	CHO S H ET	AL:	"GENERATION OF 90-NJ PULSES WITH A	
		4-MHZ REPE	CTITIO	N-RATE KERR-LENS MODE-LOCKED TI:	
		AL2O3 LASE	CR OPE	RATING WITH NET POSITIVE AND	
		NEGATIVE I	NTRAC.	AVITY DISPERSION" OPTICS LETTERS,	
	OPTICAL S		CIETY	OF AMERICA, WASHINGTON, US, Vol.	
		26, No. 8,	15 A	pril 2001 (2001-04-15), pages 560-	
		562, XP001	07721	7 ISSN: 0146-9592	
	D2:	US 5 734 5	503 A	(KRAUSZ FERENC ET AL) 31 March 1998	
		(1998-03-3	31).		
	2.	In the let	ter o	f 17 August 2005 the applicant put	
		forward ar	gumen	ts in favour of an inventive step	
			_	matter of the application. However,	
			_	relate to a resonator having a	
		_		l positive mean dispersion as	
				example, dependent claims 2 and 3	
				5 below). However, the subject	
			-	1 refers to a resonator with a	
				ispersion. A resonator of this kind	

is already known from document D1 (see paragraph

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY PCT/AT2004/000336 Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement 3.1 below). The arguments proposed in the present international preliminary report on patentability are therefore the same as those already put forward by the Examining Authority in its written opinion of 9 December 2004. The applicant's attention is drawn to the fact that the written report of the International Searching Authority is considered the first Chapter II written opinion of the International Preliminary Examining Authority. 3. The present application does not meet the requirements of PCT Article 33(1) because the subject matter of claims 1 and 11 does not involve an inventive step within the meaning of PCT Article 33(3). 3.1 Document D1 (see page 560, left-hand column, paragraph 1, to page 562, left-hand column,

paragraph 3; figure 1) is considered the prior art closest to the subject matter of claim 1. It discloses (the references between parentheses relate to D1) a

short-pulse laser device with preferably passive mode coupling (Kerr-lens mode-locked (KLM) Ti:Al₂O₃ laser), having a resonator (cavity) which contains a laser crystal (Ti: sapphire crystal) and a plurality of mirrors (M1, M2, R1, R2, SBR, OC), of which one forms a pump-stream input-coupling mirror (R1) and a

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further one a laser-beam output-coupling mirror
(OC), having a

multi-reflection telescope (MPC) magnifying the resonator length, wherein during operations the resonator (cavity) has a positive mean dispersion in an affected wavelength range (net positive dispersion regime; see page 560, left-hand column, lines 26-30; page 561, right-hand column, lines 7-11; page 562, left-hand column, paragraph 3).

The subject matter of $\underline{\text{claim 1}}$ therefore differs from that known from document D1 in that

the adjustment of the positive mean dispersion of the resonator is carried out **using the resonator mirrors**, of which at least a few are in the form of **dispersive mirrors**.

The **problem** to be solved by the present invention is therefore understood to be that of providing a short-pulse laser device wherein the mean dispersion can be accurately set.

The solution proposed in <u>claim 1</u> of the present application cannot be considered inventive, for the following reasons (PCT Article 33(3)):

Document D2 (see column 2, line 32, to column 3, line 65) discloses the use of dispersive mirrors for accurately setting the dispersion in the resonator of a femto-second pulse-Ti: sapphire laser and with regard to this feature describes

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the same advantages as the present application.

To a person skilled in the art it would therefore be a **routine design measure** to incorporate this feature into the short-pulse laser device described in document D1 in order to solve the problem of interest.

The solution proposed in independent $\underline{\text{claim 1}}$ therefore cannot be considered inventive (PCT Article 33(3)).

Observation:

Document D1 (page 562, left-hand column, paragraph 3) already points out that the use of specially designed chirped mirrors instead of the normally used prisms, can be expected to improve a resonator with a positive mean dispersion.

3.2 The subject matter of <u>claim 11</u> does not involve an inventive step, for similar reasons (see also document D1, page 560, left-hand column, lines 35-37).

3.3 Observation:

The documents not cited in the present report, but cited in the international search report, likewise disclose dispersive mirrors for the accurate setting of dispersion in laser resonators (see the corresponding passages cited in the search

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report).

4. Dependent <u>claims 4-10</u> contain no additional features which, combined with the features of any claim to which they refer, meet the **PCT** requirements for inventive step. The additional features of <u>claims 4-10</u> instead appear to be routine measures known in the art, which a person skilled in the art would use with the short-pulse laser device of <u>claim 1</u>, depending on the special operating requirements.

Consequently, it would be straightforward for a person skilled in the art to arrive at a short-pulse laser device according to <u>claims 4-10</u> by applying general technical knowledge in the field to a short-pulse laser device according to document D1, without thereby exercising inventive skill.

5. The combination of features contained in dependent claims 2 and 3 is not known from or suggested by the relevant prior art. The reasons are as follows:

Document D1 (see page 561, right-hand column, paragraph 1) discloses a **positive total dispersion** of the resonator of $+390 \, \mathrm{fs^2}$. However, the prior art **offers nothing** to suggest choosing the elements of the resonator in such a way that resonator dispersion is situated in the relevant wavelength range of **between 0 and 100 fs²**.

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Consequently, the subject matter of the present <u>claims 2 and 3</u> appears to meet the requirements of **PCT Article 33(2) and (3)**.

Observation:

The application does not satisfy the requirements of **PCT**Article 6 because claim 7 is not clear.

<u>Claim 7</u> refers to a **negative dispersion** short-pulse laser device and is therefore inconsistent with the subject matter of <u>claim 1</u>, which defines a short-pulse laser device having a resonator with a **positive mean dispersion** and to which claim 7 indirectly refers back.